# Murata DE2E3KY222MN3AM02F

## **PDF**

深例创唯电子有限公司

http://www.murata-ec.com



## Reference Specification

Type KY
Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors for General Purpose

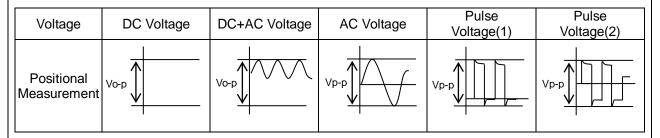
Product specifications in this catalog are as of Jun. 2019, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

## **⚠** CAUTION

#### 1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range. When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor within rated voltage containing these irregular voltage.



#### 2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the self-generated heat due to dielectric-loss. Applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of  $\phi$ 0.1mm and be in the condition where capacitor is not affected by radiant heat of other components and wind of surroundings. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability.(Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

#### 3. TEST CONDITION FOR WITHSTANDING VOLTAGE

#### (1) TEST EQUIPMENT

Test equipment for AC withstanding voltage should be used with the performance of the wave similar to 50/60 Hz sine wave.

If the distorted sine wave or over load exceeding the specified voltage value is applied, the defective may be caused.

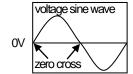
#### (2) VOLTAGE APPLIED METHOD

When the withstanding voltage is applied, capacitor's lead or terminal should be firmly connected to the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment, and then the voltage should be raised from near zero to the test voltage.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, test voltage should be applied with the \*zero cross. At the end of the test time, the test voltage should be reduced to near zero, and then capacitor's lead or terminal should be taken off the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, the surge voltage may arise, and therefore, the defective may be caused.

\*ZERO CROSS is the point where voltage sine wave pass 0V. - See the right figure -



#### 4. FAIL-SAFE

When capacitor would be broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function like a fuse on your product if failure would follow an electric shock, fire or fume.

#### 5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

#### 6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

When soldering capacitor with a soldering iron, it should be performed in following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip: 400 °C max. Soldering iron wattage: 50W max. Soldering time: 3.5s max.

#### 7. BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment.

In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

#### 8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

When the outer coating is hot (over 100  $^{\circ}$ C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

#### 9. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 °C and 15 to 85%.

Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more.

#### 10. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- 7. Traffic signal equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- 9. Data-processing equipment exerting influence on public
- 10. Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.

EGD08E

#### NOTICE

#### 1. CLEANING (ULTRASONIC CLEANING)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time: 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

#### 2. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

· Class 1 capacitors

Capacitance might change a little depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Please contact us if you use for the strict time constant circuit.

· Class 2 and 3 capacitors

Class 2 and 3 capacitors like temperature characteristic B, E and F have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit.

Please contact us if you need a detail information.

#### 3. PERFORMANCE CHECK BY EQUIPMENT

Before using a capacitor, check that there is no problem in the equipment's performance and the specifications.

Generally speaking, CLASS 2 ceramic capacitors have voltage dependence characteristics and temperature dependence characteristics in capacitance. So, the capacitance value may change depending on the operating condition in a equipment. Therefore, be sure to confirm the apparatus performance of receiving influence in a capacitance value change of a capacitor, such as leakage current and noise suppression characteristic.

Moreover, check the surge-proof ability of a capacitor in the equipment, if needed, because the surge voltage may exceed specific value by the inductance of the circuit.

## $\triangle$ NOTE

- 1.Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this specification.

EGD08E

## 1. Application

This specification is applied to Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors Type KY used for General Electric equipment.

Type KY is Safety Standard Certified capacitors of Class X1,Y2.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids.

Approval standard and certified number

	Standard number	*Certified number	AC Rated volt. V(r.m.s.)
UL	UL60384-14	E37921	
CSA	CSA E60384-14	1283280	
VDE	IEC60384-14, EN60384-14	40006273	
BSI	EN60065 (8.8,14.2), IEC60384-14, EN60384-14	KM37901	
SEMKO		1612608	X1:250 Y2:250
DEMKO	15000004.44	D-05317	12.250
FIMKO	IEC60384-14, EN60384-14	FI 29603	
NEMKO	LN00304-14	P16221234	
ESTI		18.0080	
NSW	IEC60384-14, AS3250	6824	
CQC	GB/T6346.14	CQC06001017447	

<sup>\*</sup>Above Certified number may be changed on account of the revision of standards and the renewal of certification.

#### 2. Rating

#### 2-1. Operating temperature range

-40 ~ +125°C

#### 2-2. Part number configuration

ex.) <u>DE2</u>	E3	<u>KY</u>	472	M	<u>A2</u>	B	<u>M01F</u>
Product	Temperature	Type	Capacitance	Capacitance	Lead	Packing	Individual
code	characteristic	name		tolerance	code	style code	specification

#### • Product code

DE2 denotes class X1,Y2.

•Temperature characteristic

Code	Temperature characteristic					
1X	SL					
В3	В					
E3	E					
F3	F					

Please confirm detailed specification on [ Specification and test methods ].

#### • Type name

This denotes safety certified type name Type KY.

#### • Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 472.

$$47 \times 10^2 = 4700 pF$$

#### • Capacitance tolerance

Please refer to [ Part number list ].

## • Lead code

Code	Lead	style
A*	Vertical crimp long type	
B*	Vartical arima abort type	Lead Length: 5mm
J*	Vertical crimp short type	Lead Length: 3.5mm
N*	Vertical crimp taping type	

<sup>\*</sup> Please refer to [ Part number list ].

#### · Packing style code

Code	Packing type
В	Bulk type
А	Ammo pack taping type

#### • Individual specification

In case part number cannot be identified without 'individual specification', it is added at the end of part number.

	<u>,                                     </u>	
Code	Specific	cation
M01F	Dielectric strength between lead wires: AC2000V(r.m.s.)	<ul><li>Simplicity marking</li><li>Halogen Free</li></ul>
M02F	Dielectric strength between lead wires: AC2600V(r.m.s.)	Br ≤ 900ppm, Cl ≤ 900ppm Br + Cl ≤ 1500ppm CP wire

Note) Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name(KY) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.

## 3. Marking

Nominal capacitance : Actual value(under 100pF)

3 digit system(100pF and over)

Capacitance tolerance : Code
Type name : KY
Rated voltage mark : 250~
Class code : X1Y2
Halogen Free mark : HF

Manufacturing year : Letter code(The last digit of A.D. year.)

Manufacturing month : Code

 Feb./Mar. → 2
 Aug./Sep. → 8

 Apr./May → 4
 Oct./Nov. → O

 Jun./Jul. → 6
 Dec./Jan. → D

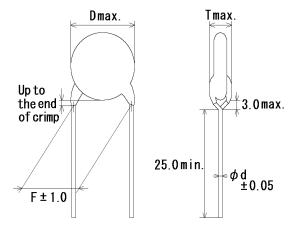
Company name code : (Made in Thailand)

(Example)

472M KY250~ X1Y2 HF 5D (M15

#### 4. Part number list

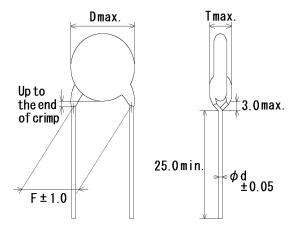
·Vertical crimp long type (Lead code:A\*)



Note) The mark '\*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d).
Please see the following list about details.

-	Oint. I									
T.C.	Сар.	Cap.	Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	Din	nensi	on (m	m)	Lead	atv
1.0.	(pF)	f) tol.	Oustomer Fait Number	Warata Fart Number	D	Т	F	d	code	(pcs)
SL	10	±5%		DE21XKY100JA2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	250
SL	15	±5%		DE21XKY150JA2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	250
SL	22	±5%		DE21XKY220JA2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	250
SL	33	±5%		DE21XKY330JA2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	250
SL	47	±5%		DE21XKY470JA2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	250
SL	68	±5%		DE21XKY680JA2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	250
В	100	±10%		DE2B3KY101KA2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	500
В	150	±10%		DE2B3KY151KA2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	500
В	220	±10%		DE2B3KY221KA2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	500
В	330	$\pm 10\%$		DE2B3KY331KA2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	500
В	470	±10%		DE2B3KY471KA2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	500
В	680	±10%		DE2B3KY681KA2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	250
Е	1000	±20%		DE2E3KY102MA2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	500
Е	1500	±20%		DE2E3KY152MA2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	500
Е	2200	±20%		DE2E3KY222MA2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	250
Е	3300	±20%		DE2E3KY332MA2BM01F	9.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	250
Е	4700	±20%		DE2E3KY472MA2BM01F	10.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	A2	250

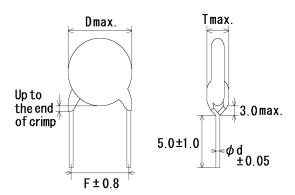
## ·Vertical crimp long type (Lead code:A\*)



Note) The mark '\*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d).
Please see the following list about details.

	Unit									
T.C.	Сар.	Cap.	Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	Din	nensi	m)	Lead	Pack qty.	
1.0.	(pF)	tol.	Customer Fait Number	Murata Fart Number	D	Т	F	d	code	(pcs)
SL	10	±5%		DE21XKY100JA3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
SL	15	±5%		DE21XKY150JA3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
SL	22	±5%		DE21XKY220JA3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
SL	33	±5%		DE21XKY330JA3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
SL	47	±5%		DE21XKY470JA3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
SL	68	±5%		DE21XKY680JA3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
В	100	±10%		DE2B3KY101KA3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
В	150	±10%		DE2B3KY151KA3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
В	220	±10%		DE2B3KY221KA3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
В	330	±10%		DE2B3KY331KA3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
В	470	±10%		DE2B3KY471KA3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
В	680	$\pm$ 10%		DE2B3KY681KA3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
Е	1000	$\pm$ 20%		DE2E3KY102MA3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
Е	1500	$\pm$ 20%		DE2E3KY152MA3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
Е	2200	±20%		DE2E3KY222MA3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
Е	3300	±20%		DE2E3KY332MA3BM02F	9.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
Е	4700	±20%		DE2E3KY472MA3BM02F	10.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	250
F	10000	±20%		DE2F3KY103MA3BM02F	14.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	А3	200

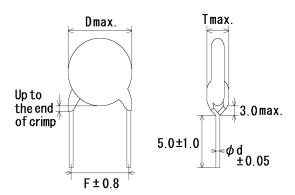
Vertical crimp short type (Lead code:B\*)



Note) The mark '\*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d).
Please see the following list about details.

Offit.										
T.C.	Сар.	Cap. tol.	Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	Dimension (mm)				Lead	Pack qty.
1.0.	(pF)		Customer Fait Number	ividiata i ait ivdilibei	D T	Т	F	d	code	(pcs)
SL	10	±5%		DE21XKY100JB2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
SL	15	±5%		DE21XKY150JB2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
SL	22	±5%		DE21XKY220JB2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
SL	33	±5%		DE21XKY330JB2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
SL	47	±5%		DE21XKY470JB2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
SL	68	±5%		DE21XKY680JB2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
В	100	±10%		DE2B3KY101KB2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
В	150	±10%		DE2B3KY151KB2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
В	220	±10%		DE2B3KY221KB2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
В	330	±10%		DE2B3KY331KB2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
В	470	±10%		DE2B3KY471KB2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
В	680	±10%		DE2B3KY681KB2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
Е	1000	±20%		DE2E3KY102MB2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
Е	1500	±20%		DE2E3KY152MB2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
Е	2200	±20%		DE2E3KY222MB2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
Е	3300	±20%		DE2E3KY332MB2BM01F	9.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500
Е	4700	±20%		DE2E3KY472MB2BM01F	10.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	B2	500

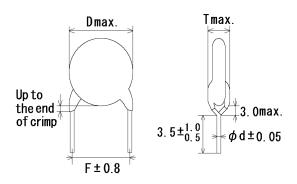
Vertical crimp short type (Lead code:B\*)



Note) The mark '\*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d).
Please see the following list about details.

	Unit									
T.C.	Сар.	Cap. tol.	Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	Din	nensi	on (m	m)	Lead	Pack qty.
1.0.	(pF)		Customer Fait Number	Wurata i art ivumber	D	Т	F	d		(pcs)
SL	10	±5%		DE21XKY100JB3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
SL	15	±5%		DE21XKY150JB3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
SL	22	±5%		DE21XKY220JB3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
SL	33	±5%		DE21XKY330JB3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
SL	47	±5%		DE21XKY470JB3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
SL	68	±5%		DE21XKY680JB3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
В	100	±10%		DE2B3KY101KB3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
В	150	±10%		DE2B3KY151KB3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
В	220	±10%		DE2B3KY221KB3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
В	330	±10%		DE2B3KY331KB3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
В	470	±10%		DE2B3KY471KB3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
В	680	$\pm$ 10%		DE2B3KY681KB3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
Е	1000	$\pm$ 20%		DE2E3KY102MB3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
Е	1500	$\pm$ 20%		DE2E3KY152MB3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
Е	2200	±20%		DE2E3KY222MB3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
Е	3300	±20%		DE2E3KY332MB3BM02F	9.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
Е	4700	±20%		DE2E3KY472MB3BM02F	10.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	500
F	10000	±20%		DE2F3KY103MB3BM02F	14.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	В3	250

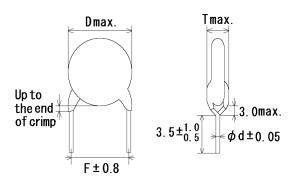
·Vertical crimp short type
(Lead code:J\*)



Note) The mark '\*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d).
Please see the following list about details.

									<u> </u>		
T.C.	Сар.	Cap.	Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	Din	Dimension (mm)				Pack qty.	
	(pF)	tol.	Gustomer i art ivamber	Wardta i art i varibor	D	Т	F	d	code	(pcs)	
SL	10	±5%		DE21XKY100JJ2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
SL	15	±5%		DE21XKY150JJ2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
SL	22	±5%		DE21XKY220JJ2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
SL	33	±5%		DE21XKY330JJ2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
SL	47	±5%		DE21XKY470JJ2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
SL	68	±5%		DE21XKY680JJ2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
В	100	±10%		DE2B3KY101KJ2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
В	150	±10%		DE2B3KY151KJ2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
В	220	±10%		DE2B3KY221KJ2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
В	330	±10%		DE2B3KY331KJ2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
В	470	±10%		DE2B3KY471KJ2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
В	680	$\pm 10\%$		DE2B3KY681KJ2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
Е	1000	±20%		DE2E3KY102MJ2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
Е	1500	±20%		DE2E3KY152MJ2BM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
Е	2200	±20%		DE2E3KY222MJ2BM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
Е	3300	±20%		DE2E3KY332MJ2BM01F	9.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	
Е	4700	±20%		DE2E3KY472MJ2BM01F	10.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	J2	500	

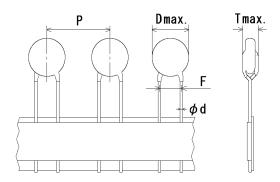
·Vertical crimp short type
(Lead code:J\*)



Note) The mark '\*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d).
Please see the following list about details.

	Unit									
T.C.	Сар.	Сар.	Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	Din	nensi	on (m	m)	Lead	Pack qty.
1.0.	(pF)	tol.	Customer Fait Number	Wurata Fait Number	D	Т	F	d		(pcs)
SL	10	±5%		DE21XKY100JJ3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
SL	15	±5%		DE21XKY150JJ3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
SL	22	±5%		DE21XKY220JJ3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
SL	33	±5%		DE21XKY330JJ3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
SL	47	±5%		DE21XKY470JJ3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
SL	68	±5%		DE21XKY680JJ3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
В	100	±10%		DE2B3KY101KJ3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
В	150	±10%		DE2B3KY151KJ3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
В	220	±10%		DE2B3KY221KJ3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
В	330	±10%		DE2B3KY331KJ3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
В	470	$\pm$ 10%		DE2B3KY471KJ3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
В	680	$\pm$ 10%		DE2B3KY681KJ3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
Е	1000	$\pm$ 20%		DE2E3KY102MJ3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
Е	1500	$\pm$ 20%		DE2E3KY152MJ3BM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
Е	2200	±20%		DE2E3KY222MJ3BM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
Е	3300	±20%		DE2E3KY332MJ3BM02F	9.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
Е	4700	±20%		DE2E3KY472MJ3BM02F	10.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	500
F	10000	±20%		DE2F3KY103MJ3BM02F	14.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	J3	250

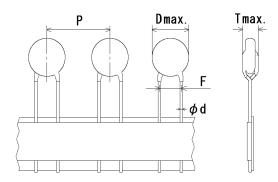
·Vartical crimp taping type (Lead code:N\*)



Note) The mark '\*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F), lead diameter(d) and pitch of component(P). Please see the following list or taping specification about details.

	Onit : min										
T.C.	Cap.	Сар.	Cap. Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	Dimension (mm)					Lead	Pack
1.0.	(pF)	tol.	Customer Fait Number	Murata Part Number		T F d		d	Р	code	qty. (pcs)
SL	10	±5%		DE21XKY100JN2AM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
SL	15	±5%		DE21XKY150JN2AM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
SL	22	±5%		DE21XKY220JN2AM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
SL	33	±5%		DE21XKY330JN2AM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
SL	47	±5%		DE21XKY470JN2AM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
SL	68	±5%		DE21XKY680JN2AM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
В	100	±10%		DE2B3KY101KN2AM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
В	150	±10%		DE2B3KY151KN2AM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
В	220	±10%		DE2B3KY221KN2AM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
В	330	±10%		DE2B3KY331KN2AM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
В	470	±10%		DE2B3KY471KN2AM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
В	680	±10%		DE2B3KY681KN2AM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
Е	1000	±20%		DE2E3KY102MN2AM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
Е	1500	±20%		DE2E3KY152MN2AM01F	7.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
Е	2200	±20%		DE2E3KY222MN2AM01F	8.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
Е	3300	±20%		DE2E3KY332MN2AM01F	9.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000
Е	4700	±20%		DE2E3KY472MN2AM01F	10.0	5.0	5.0	0.6	12.7	N2	1000

·Vartical crimp taping type (Lead code:N\*)



Note) The mark '\*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F), lead diameter(d) and pitch of component(P). Please see the following list or taping specification about details.

										Jnit : i	mm
T.C.	Cap. Cap.		Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	Dimension (mm)					I ead i	Pack
1.0.	(pF)	tol.	Customer Fait Number	Wurata i art Number	D	D T F		d	d P		qty. (pcs)
SL	10	±5%		DE21XKY100JN3AM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
SL	15	±5%		DE21XKY150JN3AM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
SL	22	±5%		DE21XKY220JN3AM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
SL	33	±5%		DE21XKY330JN3AM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
SL	47	±5%		DE21XKY470JN3AM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
SL	68	±5%		DE21XKY680JN3AM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
В	100	±10%		DE2B3KY101KN3AM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
В	150	±10%		DE2B3KY151KN3AM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
В	220	±10%		DE2B3KY221KN3AM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
В	330	±10%		DE2B3KY331KN3AM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
В	470	±10%		DE2B3KY471KN3AM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
В	680	±10%		DE2B3KY681KN3AM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
Е	1000	±20%		DE2E3KY102MN3AM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
Е	1500	±20%		DE2E3KY152MN3AM02F	7.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
Е	2200	±20%		DE2E3KY222MN3AM02F	8.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
Е	3300	±20%		DE2E3KY332MN3AM02F	9.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
Е	4700	±20%		DE2E3KY472MN3AM02F	10.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900
F	10000	±20%		DE2F3KY103MN3AM02F	14.0	5.0	7.5	0.6	15.0	N3	900

_	ecification and te									
No.		Item	Specification					est method		
1	Appearance and dimensions		No marked defect on appearance form and dimensions. Please refer to [Part number list].		t].	The capacitor should be inspected by naked eyes for visible evidence of defect.  Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers.				
2	Marking		To be easily le	aible.			or should	be inspect	ed by nake	ed eves.
3	Dielectric strength	Between lead wires	No failure.  No failure.			The capacitor should be inspected by naked eyes.  The capacitor should not be damaged when AC2000V(r.m.s.) [in case of individual specification:M01] or AC2600V(r.m.s.) [in case of individual specification:M02] <50/60Hz> is applied between the lead wires for 60 s.  First, the terminals of the capacitor should be connected together. Then, a metal foil should be closely wrapped around the body of the capacitor to the distance of about 3 to 4mm from each terminal.  Then, the capacitor should be inserted into a container filled with metal balls of about 1mm diameter. Finally, AC2600V (r.m.s.)<50/60Hz> is applied for 60 s between the capacitor lead wires and metal balls.				
		Body insulation								
4	4 Insulation Resistance (I.R.)		10000MΩ min.			The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500±50V within 60±5 s of charging. The voltage should be applied to the capacitor through a resistor of 1MΩ.				
5	Capacitance		Within specifie	ed tolerance.		The capacitance should be measured at 20° 1±0.1kHz(Char. SL: 1±0.1MHz) and AC5V(max				
6	Q		Char. SL: 400+20C* <sup>2</sup> min.(30pF under) 1000min. (30pF min.)			The dissipation factor and Q should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.1kHz(Char. SL : 1±0.1MHz) and AC5V(r.m.s.) max				
	Dissipation Fact	tor (D.F.)	Char. B, E : 2.5% max. Char. F : 5.0% max.							
7	Temperature ch	aracteristic	Char. SL: +350 to -1000 ppm/°C (Temp. range: +20 to +85°C) Char. B: Within ±10 % Char. E: Within +20/-55% Char. F: Within +30/-80% (Temp. range: -25 to +85°C)			The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in Table.				made at
				Step	1	2	3	4	5	1
	Temp.(°C) 20±2									

*2 4	'C"	expresses	nominal	capacitance	value(pF	)
------	-----	-----------	---------	-------------	----------	---

			Reference only	<b>+</b>
No. 8	Iten	n	Specification The cheese-cloth should not be on	Test method
0	Active flammability		fire.	The capacitors should be individually wrapped in at least one but more than two complete layers of cheese-cloth. The capacitor should be subjected to 20 discharges. The interval between successive discharges should be 5 s. The UAc should be maintained for 2min after the last discharge. $ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
9	Robustness of terminations	Tensile  Bending	Lead wire should not cut off. Capacitor should not be broken.	Fix the body of capacitor, apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10±1 s.  With the termination in its normal position, the capacitor is held by its body in such a manner that the axis of the termination is vertical; a mass applying a force of 5N is then suspended from the end of the termination.  The body of the capacitor is then inclined, within a period of 2 to 3 s, through an angle of about 90° in the vertical plane and then returned to its initial position over the same period of time; this operation constitutes one bend.  One bend immediately followed by a second bend in the opposite direction.
10	Vibration resistance	Appearance Capacitance Q D.F.	No marked defect.  Within the specified tolerance.  Char. SL:  400+20C*2min.(30pF under) 1000min. (30pF min.)  Char. B, E: 2.5% max.	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead wire and vibration which is 10 to 55Hz in the vibration frequency range,1.5mm in total amplitude, and about 1min in the rate of vibration change from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz is applied for a total of 6 h; 2 h each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.
11	Solderability of lead	ls	Char. F : 5.0% max.  Lead wire should be soldered with uniformly coated on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into molten solder for 2±0.5 s. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires.  Temp. of solder:  245±5°C Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 235±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder
*2 "C	" expresses nominal o	capacitance value	(pF)	

			Reference only	
No.	Item		Specification	Test method
12	Soldering effect	Appearance	No marked defect.	Solder temperature: 350±10°C or 260±5°C
	(Non-preheat)	Capacitance change	Within ±10%	Immersion time : 3.5±0.5 s
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	(In case of 260±5°C : 10±1 s) The depth of immersion is up to about
		Dielectric	Per item 3	1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires.
		strength	1 or kem e	
				Thermal Capacitor
				1.5
				to 2.0mm
				solder
				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at
				85±2°C for 1 h, then placed at
				*1room condition for 24±2 h
				before initial measurements.  Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1
				to 2 h at *1 room condition.
13	Soldering effect	Appearance	No marked defect.	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C
	(On-preheat)	Capacitance	Within ±10%	for 60+0/-5 s.
		change		Then, as in figure, the lead wires should be
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	immersed solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm
		Dielectric	Per item 3	from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 s.
		strength		Thermal
				insulating , , , , ,
				1.5 to 2.0mm
				- Molten
				solder
				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at
				85±2°C for 1 h, then placed at
				*1room condition for 24±2 h
				before initial measurements.
				Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at *1 room condition.
14	Flame test		The capacitor flame discontinue	The capacitor should be subjected to applied
			as follows.	flame for 15 s. and then removed for 15 s until 5
				cycle.
			Cycle Time	Capacitor
			1 to 4 30 s max.	Flame
			5 60 s max.	/\display/\display
				Gas Burner
				1 Gas buillei
15	Passive flammability	<i>y</i>	The burning time should not be	The capacitor under test should be held in the flame
'	. accive naminability	,	exceeded the time 30 s.	in the position which best promotes burning.
			The tissue paper should not	Time of exposure to flame is for 30 s.
			ignite.	Length of flame: 12±1mm
				Gas burner : Length 35mm min.
				Inside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.9mm max.
				Gas : Butane gas Purity 95% min.
				— ← Capacitor
				About 8mm
				Gas burner → Flame
				45° 200±5mm
				—————————————————————————————————————
				About 10mm thick board
*1 "ro	um condition" Temper	ature: 15 to 35°C	Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmos	pheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa
			. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
1				

			Reference only	
No.	Iten	n	Specification	Test method
16	Humidity	Appearance	No marked defect.	Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to
'0	(Under steady	Capacitance	Char. SL : Within ±5%	95% relative humidity.
	` ,			95% relative numicity.
	state)	change	Char. B: Within ±10%	
			Char. E, F: Within ±15%	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1
		Q	Char. SL :	to 2 h at *1 room condition.
		~	275+5/2C*2min.(30pF under)	
			350min. (30pF min.)	
		D.F.	Char. B, E : 5.0% max.	
			Char. F : 7.5% max.	
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	1
				4
		Dielectric	Per item 3	
		strength		
17	Humidity loading	Appearance	No marked defect.	Apply the rated voltage for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in
		Capacitance	Char. SL : Within ±5%	90 to 95% relative humidity.
				90 to 95 % relative numbers.
		change	Char. B: Within ±10%	
			Char. E, F: Within ±15%	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1
		Q	Char. SL :	to 2 h at *1room condition.
		~	275+5/2C*2min.(30pF under)	
			350min. (30pF min.)	
		D.F.	Char. B, E : 5.0% max.	
			Char. F : 7.5% max.	
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	1
				4
		Dielectric	Per item 3	
		strength		
18	Life	Appearance	No marked defect.	Impulse voltage
,,,				Each individual capacitor should be subjected to
1		Capacitance	Within ±20%	Lacri individual capacitor should be subjected to
		change		a 5kV impulses for three times. Then the
		I.R.	3000M $Ω$ min.	capacitors are applied to life test.
		Dielectric	Per item 3	
			1 CI IICIII 3	Front time (T1) = $1.7 \mu$ s= $1.67$ T
		strength		100 (%) Front time (T1) = $1.7 \mu$ s= $1.67T$ Time to half-value (T2) = $50 \mu$ s
				711
				50
				30 /
				0 T t
				<u>'T1'</u>
				T2
				The capacitors are placed in a circulating air oven
				for a period of 1000 h.
				·
				The air in the oven is maintained at a temperature
				of 125+2/-0 °C, and relative humidity of 50% max
				Throughout the test, the capacitors are subjected
				to a AC425V(r.m.s.)<50/60Hz> alternating voltage
				of mains frequency, except that once each hour
				the voltage is increased to AC1000V(r.m.s.)
				for 0.1 s.
				Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1
				to 2 h at *1room condition.
19	Temperature and	Appearance	No marked defect.	The capacitor should be subjected to
1	immersion cycle	Capacitance	Char. SL: Within ±5%	5 temperature cycles, then consecutively to
1	,	change	Char. B: Within ±10%	2 immersion cycles.
1		oriarigo		
			Char. E, F: Within ±20%	<temperature cycle=""></temperature>
1		Q	Char. SL :	
			275+5/2C*2min.(30pF under)	
			350min. (30pF min.)	1 -40+0/-3 30 min
		<b>D F</b>		2 Room temp. 3 min
		D.F.	Char. B, E : 5.0% max.	3 +125+3/-0 30 min
			Char. F : 7.5% max.	
1		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	4 Room temp. 3 min
1		Dielectric	Per item 3	1
			rei ileili 3	Cycle time : 5 cycle
		strength		James araian ayala
1				<immersion cycle=""></immersion>
1				Step Temperature(°C) Time Immersion
				Step   Temperature(*C)   Time   water
				Clean
				1   1   +65+5/-()   15 min
				water
				Salt
				2 0±3 15 min water
				Cycle time : 2 cycle
				Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at
				85±2°C for 1 h, then placed at
				*1room condition for 24±2 h.
				Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for
				24±2 h at *1 room condition.
41.		<u> </u>	B 1 / 2   1   1   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	
1 * 1 "ro	om condition" Tempe	rature: 15 to 35°C	, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmosphe	eric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

<sup>\*1 &</sup>quot;room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative "C" expresses nominal capacitance value(pF)

## 6. Packing specification

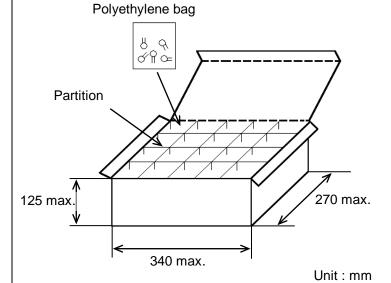
•Bulk type (Packing style code : B)

The size of packing case and packing way

 $\begin{array}{c} *1 \\ \text{The number of packing = } \ \text{Packing quantity} \times \ n \end{array}$ 

\*1 : Please refer to [Part number list].

\*2 : Standard n = 20 (bag)

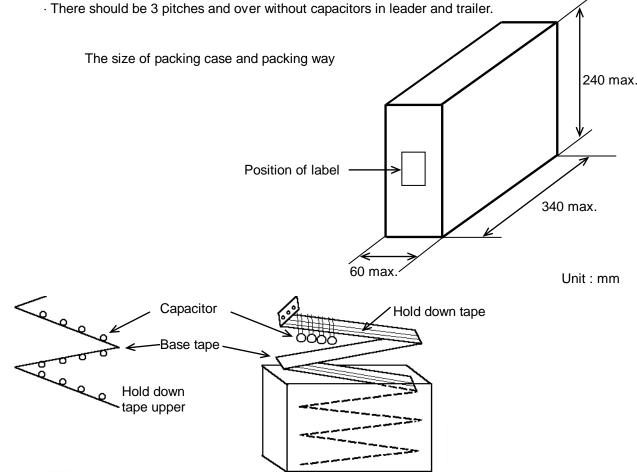


Note)

The outer package and the number of outer packing be changed by the order getting amount.

•Ammo pack taping type (Packing style code : A)

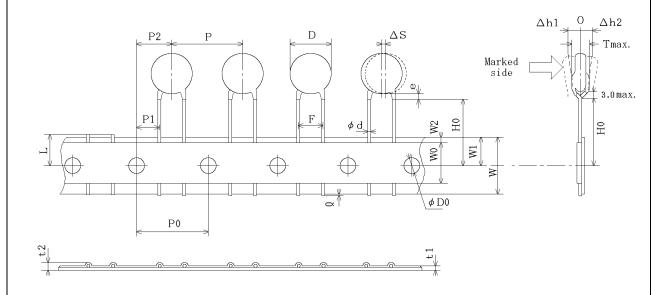
- · The tape with capacitors is packed zigzag into a case.
- $\cdot$  When body of the capacitor is piled on other body under it.



## 7. Taping specification

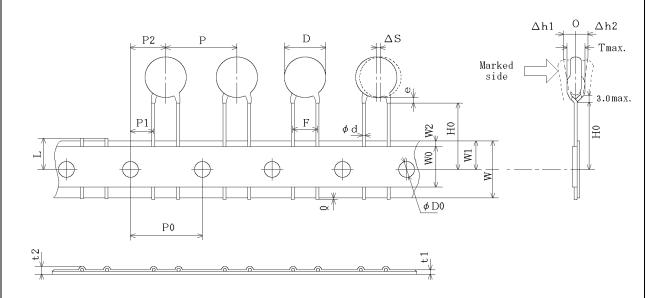
## 7-1. Dimension of capacitors on tape

Vertical crimp taping type < Lead code : N2 > Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm



Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks	
Pitch of component	Р	12.7±1.0		
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7±0.3		
Lead spacing	F	5.0±0.2		
Length from hole center to component center	P2	6.35±1.3	Deviation of management dispetion	
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.85±0.7	Deviation of progress direction	
Body diameter	D	Please refer to [P	art number list ].	
Deviation along tape, left or right	ΔS	0±1.0	They include deviation by lead bend .	
Carrier tape width	W	18.0±0.5		
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0±0.5	Deviation of tape width direction	
Lead distance between reference and bottom planes	НО	18.0± <sub>0</sub> <sup>2.0</sup>		
Protrusion length	Q	+0.5~-1.0		
Diameter of sprocket hole	φD0	4.0±0.1		
Lead diameter	φd	0.60±0.05		
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6±0.3	There is already to all decree 45 to a 45 interest	
Total thickness, tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	They include hold down tape thickness.	
Deviation across tape, front	∆h1	1.0		
Deviation across tape, rear	∆h2	1.0 max.		
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0± <sub>1.0</sub>		
Hold down tape width	W0	11.5 min.		
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5±1.5		
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of crimp		
Body thickness	Т	Please refer to [Part number list ].		

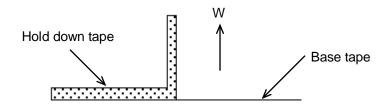
Vertical crimp taping type < Lead code : N3 > Pitch of component 15.0mm / Lead spacing 7.5mm



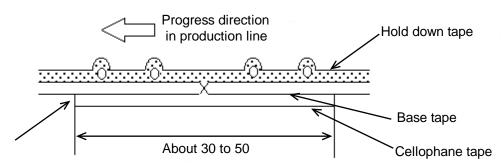
	I	Office a filling
Code	Dimensions	Remarks
Р	15.0±2.0	
P0	15.0±0.3	
F	7.5±1.0	
P2	7.5±1.5	B. t.g
P1	3.75±1.0	Deviation of progress direction
D	Please refer to [	Part number list ].
ΔS	0±2.0	They include deviation by lead bend .
W	18.0±0.5	
W1	9.0±0.5	Deviation of tape width direction
1.10	40.012.0	
HU	18.0± <sub>0</sub>	
Q	+0.5~-1.0	
φ <b>D</b> 0	4.0±0.1	
φd	0.60±0.05	
t1	0.6±0.3	
t2	1.5 max.	They include hold down tape thickness.
∆h1	0.0	
∆h2		
L	11.0± <sub>1.0</sub>	
W0	11.5 min.	
W2	1.5±1.5	
е	Up to the end of	crimp
Т	Please refer to [	Part number list ].
	P P0 F P2 P1 D ΔS W W1 H0 Q φD0 φd t1 t2 Δh1 Δh2 L W0 W2 e	P 15.0±2.0 P0 15.0±0.3 F 7.5±1.0 P2 7.5±1.5 P1 3.75±1.0 D Please refer to [ ΔS 0±2.0 W 18.0±0.5 W1 9.0±0.5 H0 18.0± $_0^{2.0}$ Q +0.5~-1.0 $_0$ $_0$ $_0$ $_0$ $_0$ $_0$ $_0$ $_0$

## 7-2. Splicing way of tape

1) Adhesive force of tape is over 3N at test condition as below.



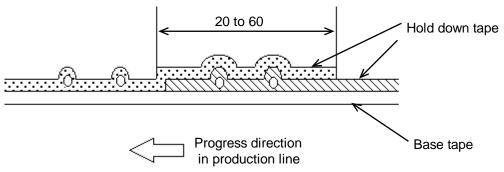
- 2) Splicing of tape
  - a) When base tape is spliced
    - •Base tape should be spliced by cellophane tape. (Total tape thickness should be less than 1.05mm.)



No lifting for the direction of progressing

Unit: mm

- b) When hold down tape is spliced
  - •Hold down tape should be spliced with overlapping. (Total tape thickness should be less than 1.05mm.)



- c) When both tape are spliced
  - •Base tape and hold down tape should be spliced with splicing tape.
- 3) Missing components
  - •There should be no consecutive missing of more than three components.
  - •The number of missing components should be not more than 0.5% of total components that should be present in a Ammo pack.

#### EU RoHS and Halogen Free

This products of the following crresponds to EU RoHS and Halogen Free

#### (1) RoHS

EU RoHs 2011/65/EC compliance

maximum concentration values tolerated by weight in homogeneous materials

- •1000 ppm maximum Lead
- •1000 ppm maximum Mercury
- •100 ppm maximum Cadmium
- •1000 ppm maximum Hexavalent chromium
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)

## (2) Halogen-Free

The International Electrochemical Commission's (IEC) Definition of Halogen-Free (IEC 61249-2-21) compliance

- •900 ppm maximum chlorine
- •900 ppm maximum bromine
- •1500 ppm maximum total chlorine and bromine